



Introduction

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Hands-on sessions¹: Dereje Bekele Tekliye, Sougat Purohit, Debsundar Dey, Tejus Rohatgi, Reshma Devi, and Pritam Ghosh

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Jan 7, 2025

Acknowledgments



Prof. Keith Butler
(UCL)



Debolina



Ankur

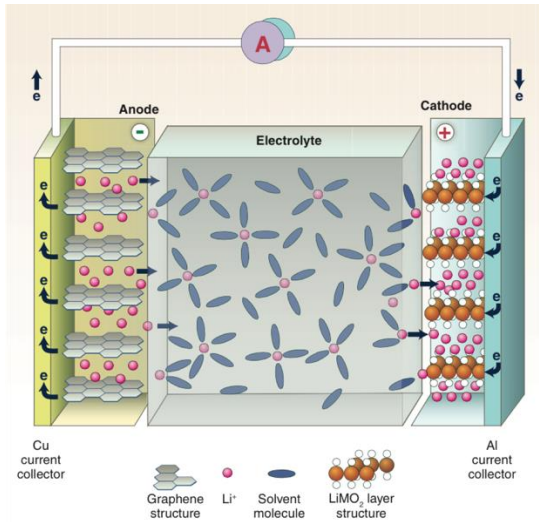


Javeed

Group picture in
Jun 2024

Why bother about materials science?

Key performance bottlenecks in key applications: governed by materials used



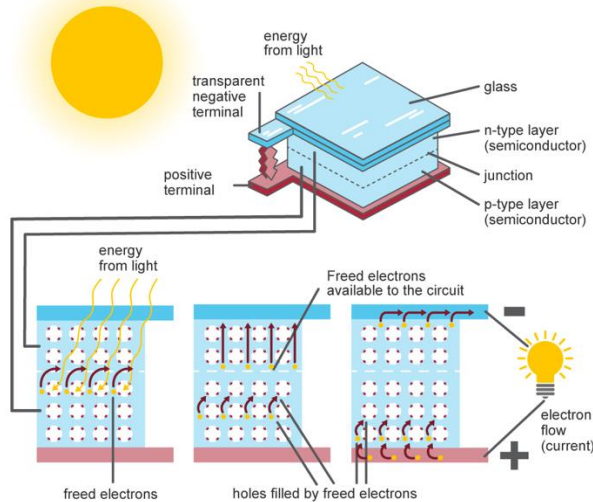
Energy and power density of a battery: limited by materials used as electrodes (and at times, electrolytes)

Key material properties: stability, ionic mobility, reaction energies

Usage of better materials → better performance

B. Dunn et al., Science 2011

Inside a photovoltaic cell

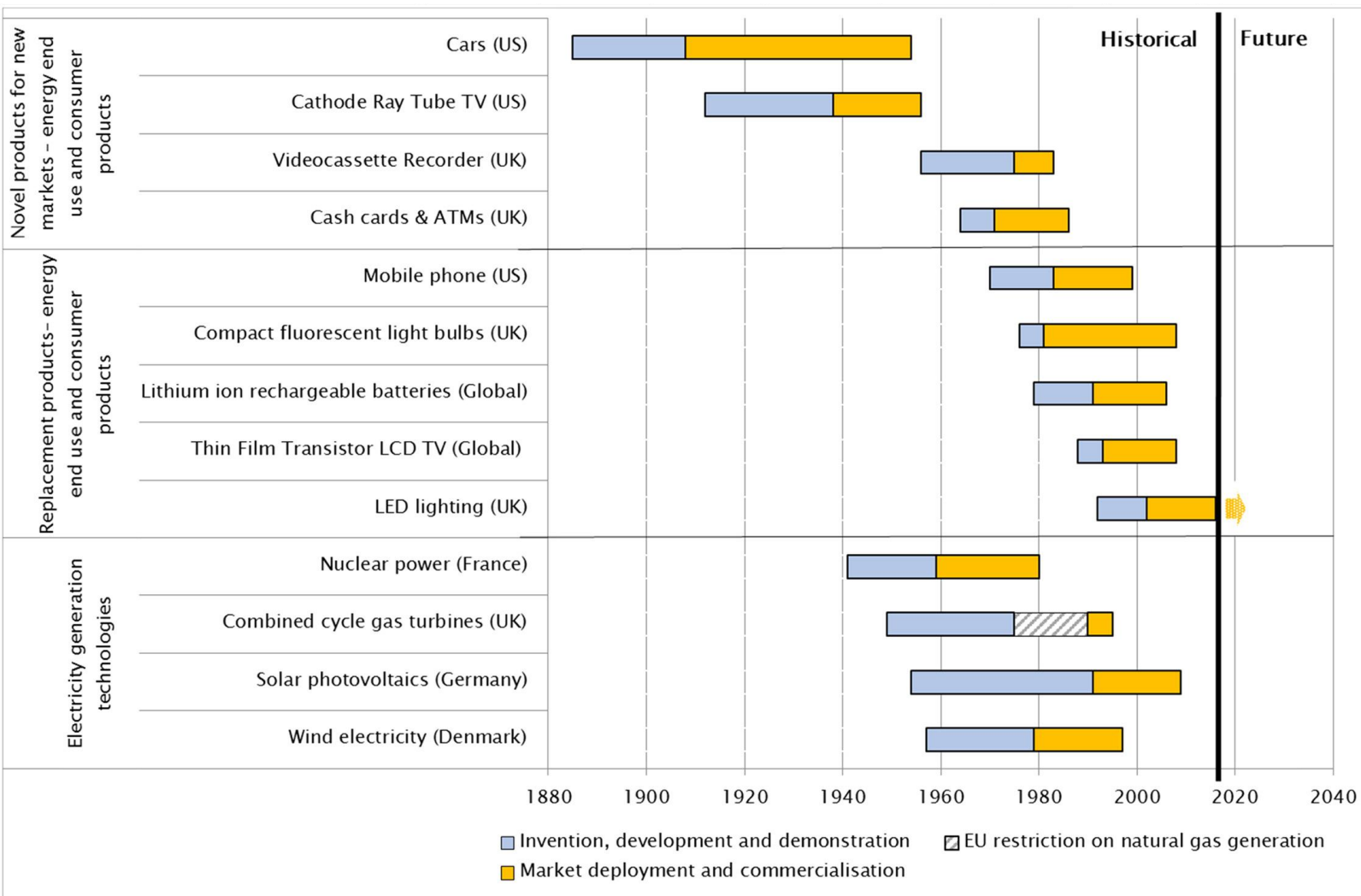


Efficiency of a photovoltaic: choice of semiconductor used as the light absorber

Key material properties: band gap, stability, resistance to point defects

Why use machine learning (ML) in materials science?

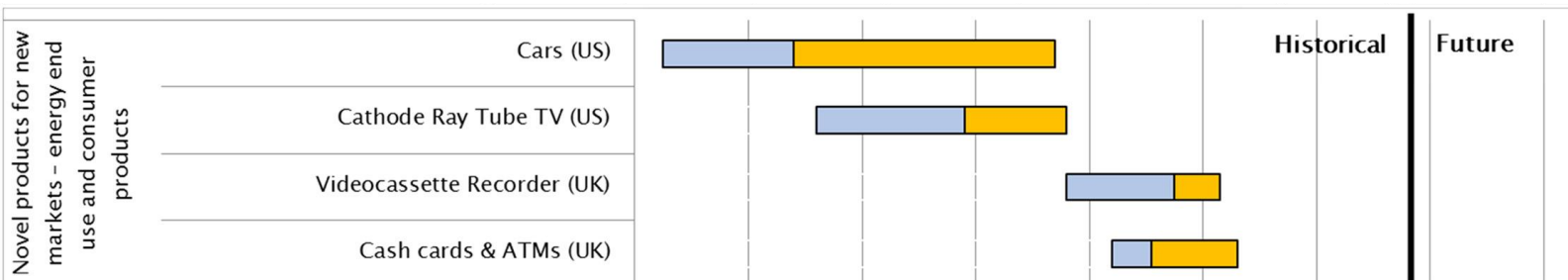
Technological innovation and deployment is a 'slow' process: often limited by materials



Innovation is particularly slow in energy generation sector!

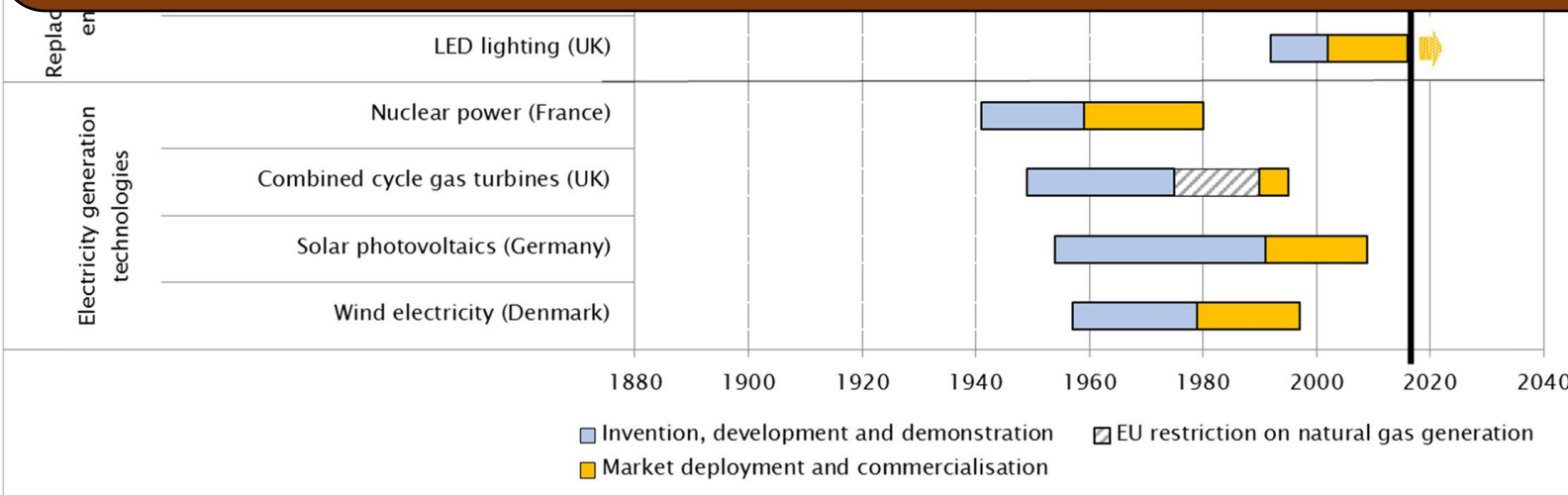
Why use machine learning (ML) in materials science?

Technological innovation and deployment is a 'slow' process: often limited by materials



Faster ways of discovering new/better materials → faster innovation cycles

Machine learning → “model” materials/“predict” properties faster



Innovation is particularly slow in energy generation sector!

Materials Genome (2011-present)

THE U.S. MATERIALS GENOME INITIATIVE

“...to discover, develop, and deploy new materials twice as fast, we’re launching what we call the Materials Genome Initiative”
 – President Obama, 2011

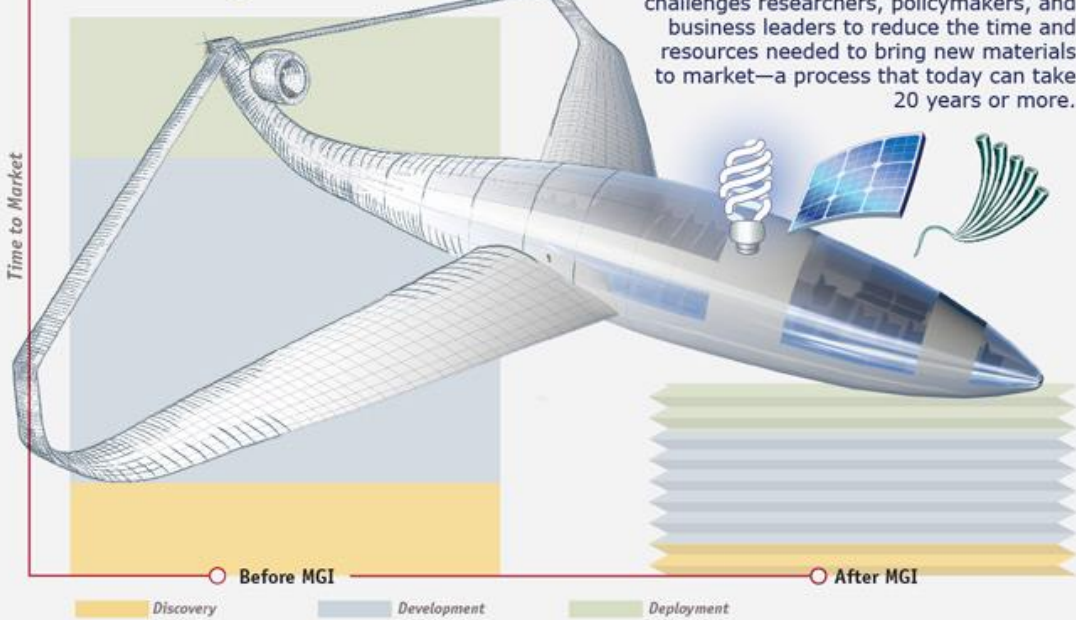
Meeting Societal Needs

Advanced materials are at the heart of innovation, economic opportunities, and global competitiveness. They are the foundation for new capabilities, tools, and technologies that meet urgent societal needs including clean energy, human welfare, and national security.



Clean Energy Human Welfare
 National Security

Accelerating Our Pace



Building Infrastructure for Success

The MGI is a multi-agency initiative to renew investments in infrastructure designed for performance, and to foster a more open, collaborative approach to developing advanced materials, helping U.S. Institutions accelerate their time-to-market.



Computational tools Experimental tools Collaborative networks Digital data

Evolution of 'modelling' in materials science

On the determination of molecular fields. —II. From the equation of state of a gas

J. E. Jones

Published: 01 October 1924 | <https://doi.org/10.1098/rspa.1924.0082>

Inhomogeneous Electron Gas

P. Hohenberg and W. Kohn

Phys. Rev. **136**, B864 – Published 9 November 1964

Computer simulation of local order in condensed phases of silicon

Frank H. Stillinger and Thomas A. Weber

Phys. Rev. B **31**, 5262 – Published 15 April 1985; Erratum Phys. Rev. B **33**, 1451 (1986)

From ultrasoft pseudopotentials to the projector augmented-wave method

G. Kresse and D. Joubert

Phys. Rev. B **59**, 1758 – Published 15 January 1999

Generalized Neural-Network Representation of High-Dimensional Potential-Energy Surfaces

Jörg Behler and Michele Parrinello

Phys. Rev. Lett. **98**, 146401 – Published 2 April 2007

THE U.S. MATERIALS GENOME INITIATIVE



1924

1957

1964

1975

1986

1996

1999

2003

2007

2018-present

RESEARCH ARTICLE | AUGUST 13 2004

Phase Transition for a Hard Sphere System

Special Collection: JCP 90 for 90 Anniversary Collection

B. J. Alder; T. E. Wainwright

Check for updates

J. Chem. Phys. **27**, 1208–1209 (1957)

<https://doi.org/10.1063/1.1743957> [Article history](#)

Clustering and ordering in solid solutions

D. de Fontaine

Generalized Gradient Approximation Made Simple

John P. Perdew, Kieron Burke, and Matthias Ernzerhof

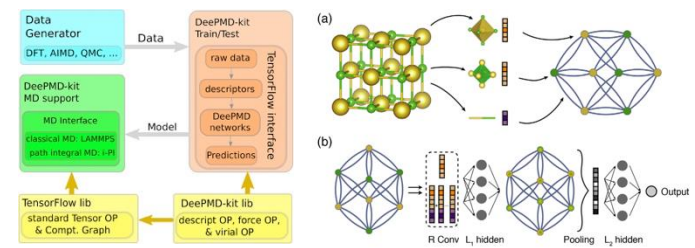
Phys. Rev. Lett. **77**, 3865 – Published 28 October 1996; Erratum

Shock Waves in High-Energy Materials: The Initial Chemical Events in Nitramine RDX

Alejandro Strachan, Adri C. T. van Duin, Debashis Chakraborty, Siddharth Dasgupta, and William A. Goddard, III
Phys. Rev. Lett. **91**, 098301 – Published 28 August 2003

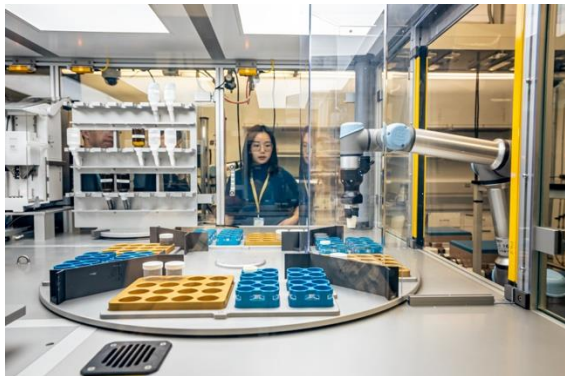
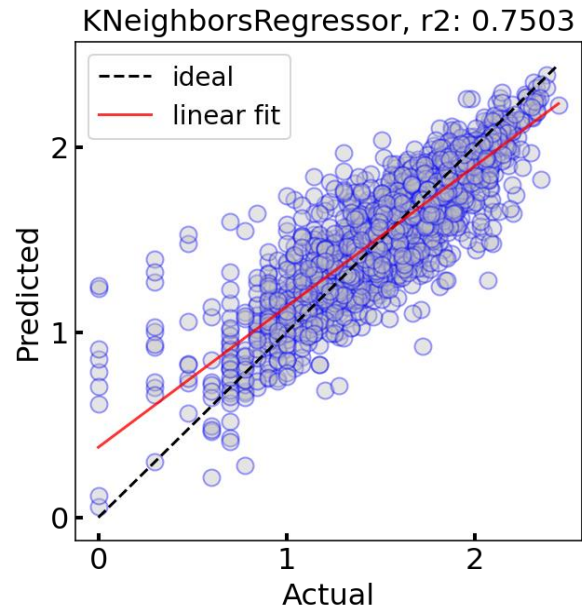
Predicting Crystal Structures with Data Mining of Quantum Calculations

Stefano Curtarolo, Dane Morgan, Kristin Persson, John Rodgers, and Gerbrand Ceder
Phys. Rev. Lett. **91**, 135503 – Published 24 September 2003

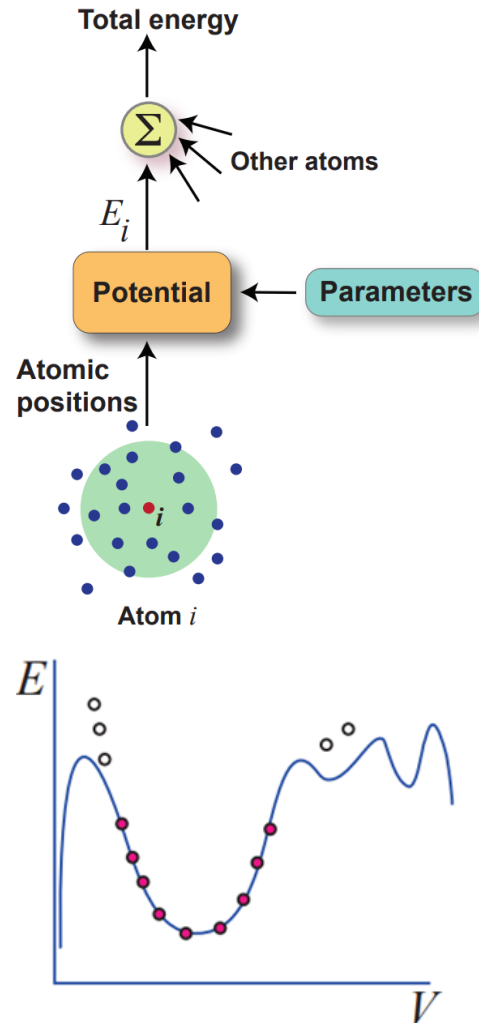


Types of ML in materials science

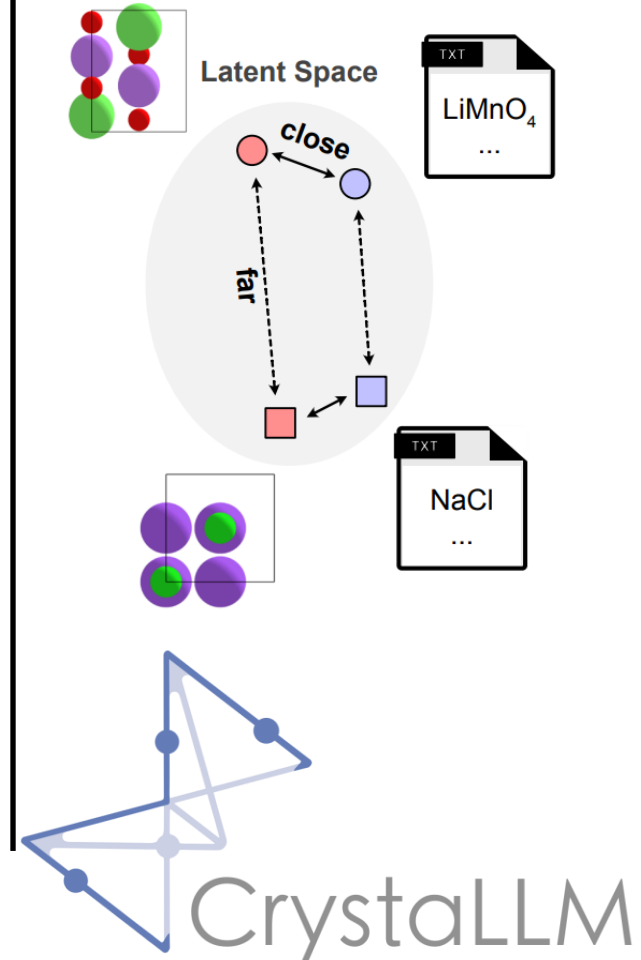
Regressions: make property predictions better with 'simple' inputs (also classifications)



Interatomic potentials: describe potential energy surface accurately



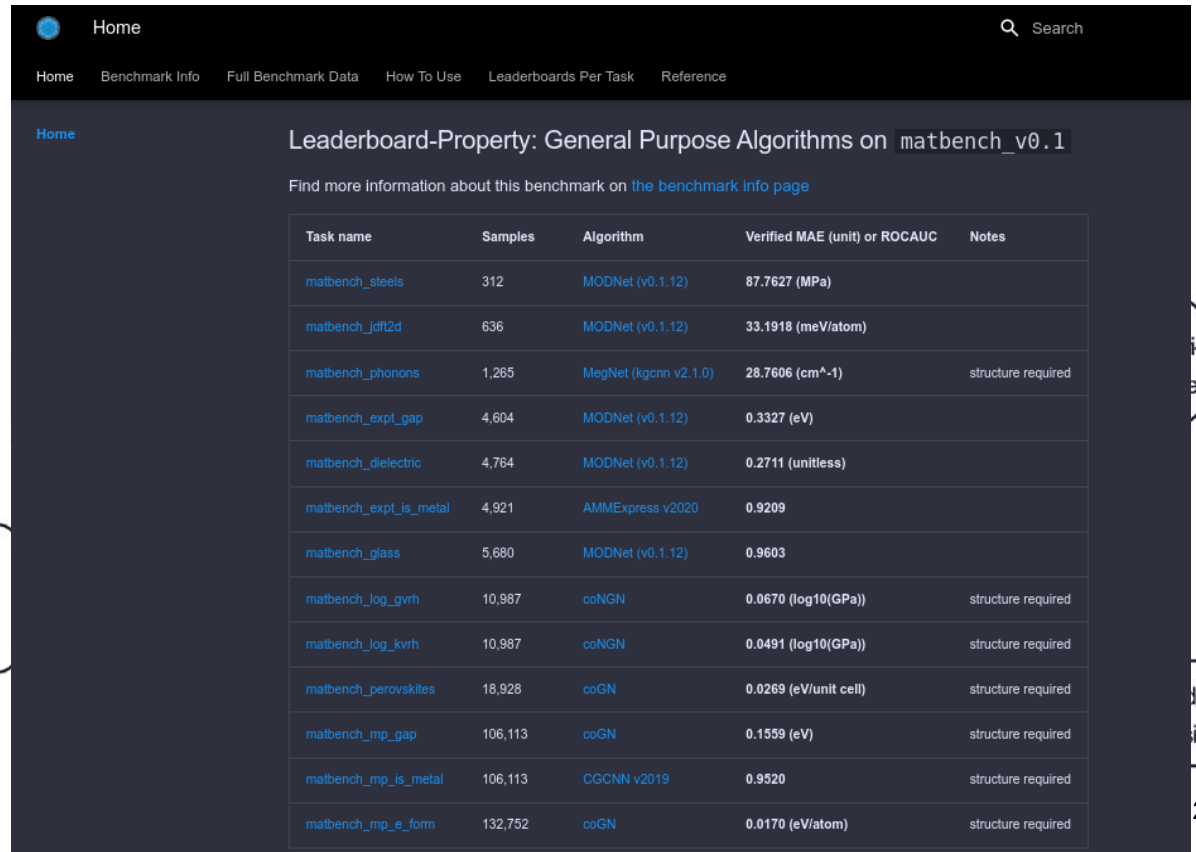
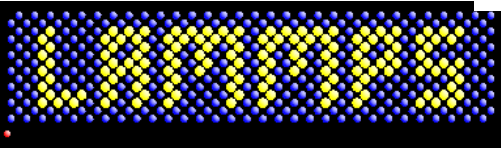
Advanced topics: Diffusion (generative) models, language models, transfer learning



Where does the data come from?



Optimization design and scale-up



Home | Benchmark Info | Full Benchmark Data | How To Use | Leaderboards Per Task | Reference

Home

Leaderboard-Property: General Purpose Algorithms on `matbench_v0.1`

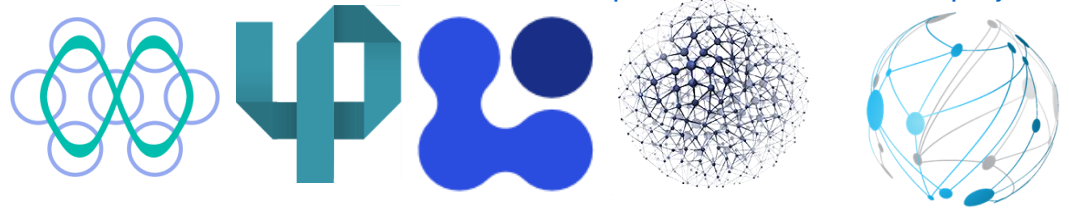
Find more information about this benchmark on [the benchmark info page](#)

Task name	Samples	Algorithm	Verified MAE (unit) or ROCAUC	Notes
matbench_steels	312	MODNet (v0.1.12)	87.7627 (MPa)	
matbench_jdft2d	636	MODNet (v0.1.12)	33.1918 (meV/atom)	
matbench_phonons	1,265	MegNet (kgcnv v2.1.0)	28.7606 (cm ⁻¹)	structure required
matbench_expt_gap	4,604	MODNet (v0.1.12)	0.3327 (eV)	
matbench_dielectric	4,764	MODNet (v0.1.12)	0.2711 (unitless)	
matbench_expt_is_metal	4,921	AMMExpress v2020	0.9209	
matbench_glass	5,680	MODNet (v0.1.12)	0.9603	
matbench_log_gvrh	10,987	coNGN	0.0670 (log10(GPa))	structure required
matbench_log_kvrv	10,987	coNGN	0.0491 (log10(GPa))	structure required
matbench_perovskites	18,928	coGN	0.0269 (eV/unit cell)	structure required
matbench_mp_gap	106,113	coGN	0.1559 (eV)	structure required
matbench_mp_is_metal	106,113	CGCNN v2019	0.9520	structure required
matbench_mp_e_form	132,752	coGN	0.0170 (eV/atom)	structure required

<https://matbench.materialsproject.org/>

Data organization: python/API

ML: python



2019)

Schedule

07 JAN 2025
Tuesday

09:00 a.m. REGISTRATION
BRIEF INAUGURATION

09:30 a.m. SESSION 1:
BASICS OF SUPERVISED ML-
REGRESSION &
CLASSIFICATION MODELS

11:00 a.m. COFFEE BREAK

11:30 a.m. TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 1

01:00 p.m. LUNCH

02:00 p.m. SESSION 2A:
UNSUPERVISED ML-
DEEP LEARNING

TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 2A

03:30 p.m. COFFEE BREAK

04:00 p.m. SESSION 2B:
UNSUPERVISED ML-
GRAPH NEURAL NETWORKS

TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 2B

05:30 p.m. COFFEE BREAK

06:00 p.m. POSTER SESSION

07:00 p.m. DINNER

08 JAN 2025
Wednesday

09:30 a.m. SESSION 3:
MACHINE LEARNED
INTERATOMIC POTENTIALS

11:00 a.m. COFFEE BREAK

11:30 a.m. TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 3

01:00 p.m. LUNCH

02:00 p.m. SESSION 4A:
ADVANCED AI/ML-
TRANSFER LEARNING

TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 4A

03:00 p.m. COFFEE BREAK

03:15 p.m. SESSION 4B:
ADVANCED AI/ML-
LANGUAGE MODELS

TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 4B

04:15 p.m. COFFEE BREAK

04:30 p.m. SESSION 4C:
ADVANCED AI/ML-
DIFFUSION MODELS

TUTORIAL FOR SESSION 4C

05:30 p.m. CLOSING CEREMONY

05:45 p.m. HIGH TEA